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Sixteen Pages

PRICE ONE CENT.

ANNUITY AND RAISE ASKED FOR CLERKS IN AUSTIN MEASURE

Tennesseean's Bill Provides General Increase of 15 Per Cent.

FIVE PER CENT SET ASIDE FOR PENSION

New Plan Offered In House Declared Scientifically Sound By Experts.

Proposing a series of substantial salary increases, a retirement and annuity plan, Representative Richard W. Austin of Tennessee, has introduced in the House a bill for the relief of civil service employes and the prevention of superannuawhich it is believed will have an excellent chance of becoming law in the near future.

The increases in salaries proposed in the bill are as follows:

esent Salary.	Proposed Sa
\$600	\$690
\$720	\$525
\$840	\$960
\$900	\$1,03
\$1,000	. \$1,150
\$1,200	\$1,386
\$1,400	\$1,61

Increases of 15 Per Cent.

Modeled on the lines of the Gillett bill, the Austtin measure is designed to overcome all the objections to the former. The Gillett bill gave no increases in salaries; in fact, by reason of making reductions in order to pay for annuities later, it actually reduced present in-

The Austin bill removes this difficulty by giving is per cent increase in salary at the beginning. There will be, on the other side, deductions from this to pay for the annuities which will become payable at the retirement age. But the deductions will not aggregate any-thing like the amount of the increase.

In fact, they are expected to average about a per cent, leaving the employ with a comfortable addition to his income, as well as an assurance of com-petency in the future. Representative Austin's measure has

ance of actuarial authorities of the highest rank, and has been tested by every possible computation and found scientifically sound. Mr. Austin introduced it only after a thorough investi-gation and a study of the scientific ba-sis on which it is founded. He then ac-cepted it, and proposes to urgo it to the limit of his capacity. It will be his particular work in the next Congress, and his frends are desirous that in order that he may work to best advantage, he be placed on the Civil Service Committee.

Provisions of Bill.

sis of its provisions may be stated as

of continuing at their present salaries, and children. and without retirement provision, or of for the retirement fund, and assurance of annuities at the time for retirement. A horizontal increase of 15 per cent in salaries all along the line is provided for those who choose to avail them-selves of the proposed plan.

Those who have been longest in serv-ce, and who therefore will have the shortest time before reaching the re-tirement age, will pay the highest con-tribution to the retirement fund; those newest to the service, and having the longest expectation of service, will pay the least—1½ per cent. The average for the entire service is calculated at about 5 per cent reduction, giving a net average increase of available salary of 1 separate account is to be maintained

with each employe. His deductions, or contributions, will draw interest at 5 per cent, compounded annually; and if he shall retire voluntarily from the service before arriving at the automatic retirement age, he may draw out his accumulations.

Under the Gillett bill the interest rate on this fund was only 312 per cent. The increase to 5 per cent removes one of

the most serious objections to the plan. Cost About \$50,000,000.

The Government will, under the Austin plan, pay the liability for superannuation, which is calculated to amount to about \$60,000,000 a year.

Instead of limiting annalties to \$800, as the Gillett bill does, the Austin plan makes the annuities proportionate to the salaries that have been carned. Officials of the retirement organizations to whom the bill has been submitted, have very generally indorsed it. They believe that it will become the basis for consideration, next session, of plans for a permanent solution of the superannuation and salary-increase questions.

Action on such a measure is recog- Edmund C. Murphy, copyist, \$840. Bunized as impossible in the closing hours rear of Steam Engineering, Edgar S. nized as impossible in the closing hours of the present session; but with a special session imminent, at which the great business of appropriations will not require attention, the outlook is excellent for getting results.

WEATHER REPORT.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT.
Fair tonight and Friday; not much
change in temperature, lowest temperature tonight about 32 degrees.

8 a.	TEMPERATURES, m
Sun	SUN TABLE rises6:32 Sun sets

half of the Civil Service

To Civil Service Employes and Every Friend of Civil Service Employes:

Read carefully the outline of the bill which Representative Austin of Tennessee has introduced in the House.

It proposes to add 15 per cent to civil service salaries, and to establish

a system of retirements and annuities. It is a practical, effective, working piece of legislation.

It would give a measure of immediate relief in the matter of salaries that is greatly needed. In addition, it would institute the retire-

ment plan, which would give sill more relief. A proper retirement plan will accomplish two things beneficial to the

clerks, and one helpful to the Government: 1. For the clerks, it will give more income that they need to live. 2. For the clerks, it will retire a large number of the older workers

in the highest ranks, and open their positions to promotions from below, thus giving a still more important increase in salaries. 3. For the Government, it will increase immensely the efficiency

This last argument is the one which will most impress Congress. It is the one to press home in every letter, conversation and statement of the civil service case

If Congress only knew the TRUTH, if it only realized the incontrovertible FACT that reform in the civil service would increase efficiency and MAKE THE GOVERNMENT'S EXPENSES SMALLER INSTEAD of GREATER, there would be no more uncertainty about the reform.

That is, therefore, what you must impress in all arguments. One more word.

There is going to be, in all probability, an extra session of Congress. Do you realize that it will present such an opportunity for you as

The extra session will not have all its time taken up with appropriation and other routine measures.

It will not be facing the stone-wall limitation of a dead-line date for adjournment

It will have time to think of your case

And it will be in excellent frame of mind to do so, too. The work of The Times, the great mass meeting, the thousands of letters that have poured in on members of Congress as a result of the letterwriting crusade which many of you have taken up, have given Congress such an understanding of this situation as it never had

Now is the time to push the effort. Instead of "letting go" because the session's end is at hand, you must stop just long enough to spit on your hands and get busy again.

The extra session is your opportunity.

Petry, Charged With Assault Friend of Railway Mail on Wife, to Be Tried for Nonsupport.

Charles W. Petry, whose assault upon his wife, Mrs. Evelyn Petry, February 24, caused her to leave by a second-story This measure is H. R. 22840. A synop- window in an effort to escape his wrath ecause she filed suit for a divorce, was Civil service employes have the option charged with non-support of his wife

Following his conviction and fine in acepting the terms of the new bill and Police Court, Petry returned to Brookgetting the increase, with deductions livn, where he is employed as an electri-

cal machinist. In the divorce proceedings Mrs. Petry harged him with infidelity. They were married June 15, 1898.

Sixteen other indictments were returnd by the grand jury to Chief Justice Clabaugh, including three for murder. Mattie E. Lomax, colored, is charged with murder in the first degree for killing her husband, Cecil Lomax. Arthur Johnson, colored, is indicted upon a similar charge of killing a horseshoer named Offenstein, at Sixth street and New York avenue. Samuel Matthews. negro, is charged with second degree murder for killing a man named Lim-

strong with a gaspipe. Nine other prisoners, charged with ousebreaking and larceny in indict- statement derogatory to any person.

The "gag order" which Walter has

Appointments Made In Navy Department

Miss Maud T. Miller has been appointed temporary clerk in the Bureau

reau of Steam Engineering, Edgar S.

Borland, clerk, \$840. The following promotions were announced: Bureau of Ordnance, Frank nounced: Bureau of Ordance, Frank S. Ray, clerk, \$1,000, to clerk, \$1,200. Bu-reau of Construction and Repair, Edgar V. Parker, copylst, \$900, to clerk, \$1,000. Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Em-met T. Thornton, copyist, \$840, to clerk, at \$900; Frank A. Allmuth, clerk, \$900, to clerk \$1000.

Will Represent Taft At Cremation of Siam King

The designation of Hamilton King

10 p. m.; low tide, 3:40 a. m. and 4:92 B. R. Coles, Upnotsterer, Ph. M. 6516.

Clerks Alleged to Have Violated Law.

DENVER, Col., March 2-Urban Waltoday indicted by the District grand jury, rant was served by United States Mar-

ditions for railway mail clerks.

Recent issues of his paper contained bitter denunciations of Postmaster General Hitchcock, whose policy of economy in the railway mail service was blamed for present conditions. Walter was especially vigorous in denouncing the "gag order" which prohibits Government employes organizing, petitioning, or soliciting, personally or through organization, for higher wages or other

improvement of their conditions. Circulars and papers were sent out by him, it is charged, in envelopes which bore attacks on the President and Postmaster General because of this gag or-der. Walter is arrested under a special law prohibiting the printing, on any en-velope containing mailed matter, any

housebreaking and larceny in indictments, are Oliver Washington, Lispbourne Johnson, Oliver P. Christopher, William L. Walker, Milton Dimes, Robert Preston, John Colbert, and Robert Pheonix.

Appointments Made

statement derogatory to any person.

The "gag order" which Walter has been assailing is the same one which has been much in the minds of Government employes in Washington since the crusade in behalf of better wages was begun. President Taft has been asked to revoke it, and refused. Legislation is pending in Congress to nullify it.

lify it.

It will be noted that Walter is not charged with any impropriety in assailing this order, but for printing his attacks on the outside of mail matter.

Can Postal Employes Affiliate With Unions?

Can employes of the Postoffice Department organize unions and affiliate with the American Federation of Labor? Officials of the Postoffice Department are considering how to answer that

already answered it in the affirmative, according to a statement by Secretary Morrison, who said today that three charters had been issued by the Federation to raliway mail clerks.

Officials of the Postoffice Department declined to discuss the matter. It was reported that they did not look with favor upon "anything of that sort," and that the answer to the question of the right of the postal employes to align themselves with labor unions had not been answered.

Diamond Pin Lost By Mrs. William Sulzer

Mrs. William Sulzer, wife of Represenative Sulzer of New York, reported at Police Hessiquarters today the loss of a diamond pin valued at \$100. The pin, which is crescent shape set with eighteen small diamonds, was lost last evening while Mrs. Sulzer was on her way from her apartment at 300 East Capitol street to a vaudeville theater in

TRUST OPERATIONS WANTED BY HOUSE

Norris Resolution Calling on Wickersham for Data Pass-

NEBRASKAN HINTS

Brazil Organizing Another World Monopoly, Is Belief of Representative.

By JUDSON C. WELLIVER.

The House today passed a resolution by Representative Norris of Nebraska calling on the Attorney General for information whether American individuals or corporations interested in the Wales Coffee trust are violating the Sherman law.

The resolution was passed without discussion, being called up by Chairman Parker, of the Judiciary Cemmittee. Judge Norris, however, issued a remarkable statement.

Hints At Rubber Trust.

"In my investigation of the Coffee trust," he said, "I have constantly encountered evidence which leads me to believe that Brazil is now organizing another world trust, to control the supplies of raw rubber.

"It is almost inconceivable how much of imposition already has been put upon the consumers of the world by the Coffee trust. It has practically doubled the price of coffee all over the world. No man can estimate the millions that have been made by the men who have financed this enterprise. The producers in Brazil have benefited, but full knowledge of the facts will probably prove that their share has been small impared with that of the financiers. "The people of the United States, who onsume about half the world's coffee, are the chief sufferers. Likewise, in the ase of a rubber trust, we would be the hief payers, because we use more rub-

No Reason to Except Rubber.

"If the valorization plan is to be acpted by the world in the case of cofnatured American people pay the bills.

for instance, in very much the same during his fashion that Brazil controls coffee and rubber. We produce the goods, but sell them to the world in an open marther than the same during his rather than the same during his received in the same during his received his received in the same during his received his received

ter, editor of the Harpoon, organ of the United States Railway Mail Clerks, was arrested on a Federal charge of violation of the postal laws. The warfant was served by United States Marshal Chadwick.

Walter, through his paper, has been conducting a campaign in favor of shorter hours and better working conditions for railway mail clerks.

Walter, through his paper, has been conducting a campaign in favor of shorter hours and better working conditions for railway mail clerks. drain.

Plans General Investigation.

"In connection with my coffee invesigation I have received letters from all parts of the country, giving many facts of the greatest importance concerning the operations of the trust. I intend early in the extra session, unless in the neantime the Department of Justice takes vigorous steps, to introduce a resolution for a Congressional investi-gation of this entire situation."

Amendment Sounds The Forests' Doom

Casting aside the speech he had prepared for the National Wholesale Lumber Dealers' Association convention at Train Reported Wrecked the New Willard Hotel this morning. Gifford Pinchot made a sensational arraignment of some "nigger in the woodpile" provisions of the appropriation

Mr. Pinchot said the amendment was offered by Senator Heyburn, whom he accused of trying in every way he could to injure or destroy national forests. He explained the provisions of the amendment in detail, pointing out that the amendment provides that all land upon which there is growing less than 4,000 feet of merchantable timber in contagious areas of 150 acres, shall be excluded from the national forests. This provision will exclude from the national forests every tract on which trees have been or are being planted, every area where the mature timber has been harvested, substautially every body of trees less than fifty years old," the speaker said. Henry S. Graves, forester of the United States, preceded Mr. Pinchot. He spoke on the practical applications of forestry problems to lumbering. Lewis Doster and F. A. Diggins made pleas for a universal system of hardvood inspection in the United States. After luncheon the delegates went to the White House to be received by President Taft.

Smith Twins Will Have

UBA CITY, Cal., March 2.-The new Smith twins-they are sons of Mrs. Andrew Smith, near Oswald-will have two-day birthday party for each an-

A Practical Measure in Be- REPORT ON COFFEE SESSION MAY END IN STONE'S FILIBUSTER





ANNA BERTHE GRUNSPAN, Who Is Seeking \$100,000 From Wealthy Socialist.

IN WALLING TRIAL

Cross-Examination of

NEW YORK, March 2 .- Intimations Brazil should not impose it in the case erately perjured himself in testifying who was married to him this morning of rubber, and once more the good- in his own defense at the trial of the in the grand jury room of the District suit of Annie Berthe Grunspan for Court building. "The United States controls the \$100,000 for breach of promise, were world's supplies of cotton and copper, freely made by Attorney Strickler the scenes of the groom's indictment, during his cross-examination of Wall- trial, and sentence to two years' im-

The attorney for the plaintiff also theft of Government property. ket, and have never thought of taking unfair advantage. Indeed, the great producers of world staples in this country show more disposition to reduce of their relations while in Paris. Bertier them to the work and have never thought of taking unfair advantage. lin, and traveling to and from Rus-

Again today Justice Giegerich's court blacken the character of the plaintiff.

Walling's Story. With the utmost self-possession Walling related tearful scenes when he told Berthe he was to marry another. He freely admitted his friendship with the Parisian shopgirl, but contended that he thought he had treated her fairly enough when he left her to marry Anne Strunsky, the Russian authoress.
Alternate tragedy and humor have marked the trial. Several times Miss Grunspan has collapsed under the strain of the ordeal, while at frequent intervals she joins the court and crowd in merriment evoked by witnesses.

Just before Walling's examination,
Paul Chaussin, a French lawyer, was
asked if the French tribunals allow damages for broken hearts caused by the loss of a fiance. "No, no!" cried the Gaul, "and may

the bon Dieu never permit such awful "If an amendment to the agricultural impositions upon us men to creep into appropriation bill, reported in the Congressional Record today, is allowed to ski, a Polish advocate, declared he had go into effect the national forests will never heard of a broken heart being worth anything until he came to this

PHILADELPHIA, March 2 .- The services without charge. blowing out of a check plug on a freight engine of the Baltimore and Ohlo Railroad Company at Havre de Grace early today was responsible for the report that a number of people had been injured, and the train wrecked.

The only person injured, according to be was arrested. been injured, and the train wrecked.

The only person injured, according to the superintendent of transportation was N. W. Copper, the engineer. He was scalded by hot water which burst from the pipe in which the check plug was inserted. The man had his injuries dressed by a physician in Havre de Conservation of the penitentiar to the penitentiar Grace, and returned to this city with his train after the damage had been repaired.

Serve Term for Bigamy

LONDON, March 2.-Felix Franz Alfred Ogilvie, a former United States cavalryman, today began a ten years Wednesday in the Old Bailey court, Ogilvie's first wife was Anne Wyness Couth, of San Francisco, whom he mar-ried July 3, 1905. During his trial Ogil-vie admitted stealing funds from the Separate Birthday Fetes company canteen while serving in the United States army.

To Join Board of Trade.

Five applications for membership in the Board of Trade were acted favora two-day party for each anniversary, and in leap years their birthdays will be two days apart.

One of them was born a few minutes
before midnight February 28, the other
early on the morning of March L

The association includes in its memtee at a meeting yesterday afternoon.
Walter McDonnell, George Plitt, George
G. Cornwell, Dr. L. W. Eugstorm, and
It is expected that 350 delegates with
their wives will be present.

LED FROM CELL FOR MARRIAGE IN COUR

Sensational Intimations In Fiancee Insists Upon Wedding Before He Begins Sentence.

Prison bars separate Edward Richards paratively brief discussion of this

prisonment in the penitentiary for the Edwards was taken from his ceil in yer, realized fully the legal aspect the District jail this morning for his They passed the word around about

the penitentiary. Miss Ebert insisted upon being marroom was jammed by the curious when ried, despite Edwards' conviction and the defense made further efforts to his absence for two years in the penitentlary. She clung steadfast to her

"I'll be waiting for Ed when he gets out," she said today after her marriage, She is only eighteen years of age and

her husband is twenty-one. Guilty of Stealing Rope.

Three weeks ago in the District Supreme Court, Edwards was convicted of stealing a coil of rope from the Government training ship Ozark. Justice Wright sentenced him to two years in the penitentiary.

Although Edwards' plight interfered with their wedding plans, Miss Ebert decided to be married before he left for

This morning Edwards' attorney, George H. MacDonaid, arranged the ceremony. United States Attorney Wilson consented that Edwards be from his prison cell long enough to be married, to avoid placing the stigma of a jail wedding upon the young couple.

Deputy United States Marshal Robison also entered the service of Cupid, and arranged for the wedding in the grand jury room at the court house. grand jury room at the court house

On Scene of Indictment. Edwards was brought from his cell by a bailiff, and the Rev. G. J. S. Hun-By Egine "Blow-Out" night summoned to perform the ceremony. The clergyman also gave his

In the presence of the bailiff and

After the ceremony the bride was per-mitted to visit her husband in his jail cell, accompanied by a cousin of th bride Mrs. Grace Thompson. Edwards will be taken in a few weeks to the penitentlary to begin serving his

Another Convention Secured for Capital

The Chamber of Commerce has se cured another convention for this city. Ross P. Andrews, who is treasurer of the National Paper Trade Association. sentence for bigamy. He was sentenced has notified Thomas Grant, secretary of the Chamber, from New York that the executive committee of the association had decided to hold its next convention in Washington. The convention will be in session from June 22 to

25.

Mr. Andrews had secured authority from Mr. Grant to offer the paper men certain features of entertainment, which were reported to the executive commitof the association this morning with the result that Washington's invitation

was acepted.

The association includes in its mem-

TARIFF BOARD BILL SUBJECT OF HIS OPPOSITION

Republicans Will Keep Up Fight Until Ouestion Is Decided.

LEADERS SYMPATHIZE Reciprocity Is Sidetracked In the

Discussion of Method of

HOUSE DEMOCRATIC

Procedure. At 2 o'clock this afternoon Senator Bankhead of Alabama moved to displace the tariff commission bill and to take up the postoffice appropriation

licans voting against it. This means that the Republican leaders are determined to keep the tariff commission bill before the Senate and to wear out the Democrats who are filibustering to prevent a vote

bill. The motion was defeated by 56

to 24, practically all of the Repub-

With less than two days' time remaining before the end of the final session of this Congress, with eight appropriation bills yet to be passed, and with a tremendous jam of business ahead of it, the Senate by a vote of 55 to 23, this morning decided to take up the tariff commission bill. It was determined to continue consider-

ation of it until a vote is taken. Supporters of the tariff commission measure hope that after a combill there will be a vote on it.

Democrats Oppose Move.

The Senators who voted against tak-The ceremony was performed amid ing up the bill were nearly all Democrats and they are showing signs of starting a filibuster to prevent a vote. At any rate, the Senate Republican leaders are bent on forcing the tariff commission measure to a conclusion. of their relations while in Paris, Ber- nuptials and was returned to jail after | noon to hold the Senate in continuous his wedding to await transportation to session, and, if need be, wear the opposition out.

Senator Stone of Missouri is the member who is working hardest to prevent a vote on the tariff commission bill. Senator Stone gave it out early in the session today that he proposed to defeat the tariff commission if he could do so by any honorable means. This means that he is prepared to speak against it at length, but how effective a filibuster he will make will depend on his ability to get support from other Democrats. A number of the Democratic Senators who do not want the bill passed are unwilling to go to the point of carrying on a filibuster.

Backed By House Leaders.

They are being backed up by House Democratic leaders. House Democrats are going to Democratic Senators and telling them that to pass this bill now will be to create a board which will embarrass the tariff work of the Democrats for the next five years.

If the Senate Democrats back down and allow the tariff commission measure to go to a vote it will be intensely displeasing to the House Democration

The Senate situation as a whole is in (Continued on Second Page.)

IN CONGRESS TODAY

Senate, by a vote of 55 to 23, decides to take up tariff commission bill.

Republican leaders decide to press tariff commission bill to a vote in spite of Democratic filibuster. Hope of passing reciprocity agreement given up and extra session deemed cer-tain.

Representatives of bonding companies heard before Senate District Commithe House passed several private bills

under a suspension of the rules.

n agreement was finally reached on

An agreement was finally reached on the conference report of the House Indian appropriation bill.

The House voted down a bill to open to homestead entry the lands of the Crow Indian reservation in Montana. A resolution directing the Attorney General to report as to the existence of a certain Coffee trust was approved by the House. by the House.

White House Callers. SENATORS.

Lodge, Mass Fletcher, Fla Smoot, Utah REPRESENTATIVE Hobson, Ala. Bennet, N. Y. McKinley, Ill. Barnard, Ind. Hamill, N. J. O'Connell, Mass. Cole, Ohio. Pickett, Iowa.

Secretary Nagel, Secretary Knox. Gen. Leonard Wood

Delegate Andrews Indian Commissions Members Yale Lay